# OKLAHOMA TAX COMMISSION

# REVENUE IMPACT STATEMENT AND/OR ADMINISTRATIVE IMPACT STATEMENT SECOND REGULAR SESSION, FIFTY-NINTH OKLAHOMA LEGISLATURE

DATE OF IMPACT STATEMENT: January 17, 2024

# BILL NUMBER: <u>SB 1283</u> STATUS AND DATE OF BILL: <u>Introduced 12/12/2023</u>

AUTHORS: House: <u>n/a</u> Senate: <u>Treat</u>

**TAX TYPE(S):** Sales Tax**SUBJECT:** Sales Tax Rate

# PROPOSAL: <u>Amendatory</u>

SB 1283 amends 68 O.S. §§ 1352 & 1354 by proposing a 0% state sales tax rate on sales of *food and food ingredients* beginning November 1, 2024. It also provides that the state sales tax rate of 0% levied upon sales of food and food ingredients shall not apply to any local taxing jurisdictions. Further, it defines terms such as *food and food ingredients*, candy, *alcoholic beverages*, *dietary supplements*, *prepared food*, and *soft drinks*.

EFFECTIVE DATE: November 1, 2024

# **REVENUE IMPACT:**

The Oklahoma Tax Commission is unable to capture the actual amount of sales tax that is attributable to food and food ingredients from its sales tax data base. The estimated revenue impact of this measure is based on data from U.S. Census Bureau, U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Oklahoma Tax Commission records.

# FY 25: An estimated decrease of \$239,631,000 in state sales tax revenue. FY 26: An estimated decrease of \$418,848,000 in state sales tax revenue.

#### ADMINISTRATIVE IMPACT:

**FY25:** The implementation of this measure will require a minimum of three months and will result in a one-time estimated administrative cost of \$93,750.

1/17/24	MMischer	msm
DATE	MARIE SCHÜBLE, DIVISION DIRECTOR	
1/17/24	Huan Gong	
DATE	HUAN GONG, ECONOMIST	
2/2/2024	Joseph P. Gappa	
DATE	JOSEPH GAPPA, FOR THE COMMISSION	

The revenue impact provided herein is an estimate of the potential impact on the collection or apportionment of tax revenues affected by the proposed legislation. It is not intended to be an estimate of the overall fiscal impact on the state budget if the proposed legislation is enacted.

# ATTACHMENT TO REVENUE IMPACT - [SB 1283] Prepared: 1/17/2024

# **CURRENT LAW:**

The sale of food and food ingredients is subject to Oklahoma sales tax pursuant 68 O.S. § 1352 (A), unless the purchaser is exempted pursuant to other statutes such as 68 O.S. §§ 1356 & 1357.

# **PROPOSED AMENDMENTS:**

The measure amends 68 O.S. §§ 1352 & 1354 by proposing a 0% state sales tax rate on sales of food and food ingredients beginning November 1, 2024. It also provides that the state sales tax rate of 0% levied upon sales of food and food ingredients shall not apply to any local taxing jurisdictions. In addition, the measure provides that any sales tax levied by a city, town, county, or any other jurisdiction in this state pursuant to the provisions of this section, upon sales of food and food ingredients shall be in effect regardless of ordinance or contractual provisions referring to previously imposed state sales tax on the items. Further, it defines terms such as food and food ingredients, candy, alcoholic beverages, dietary supplements, prepared food, and soft drinks.

# ANTICIPATED IMPACT:

The Oklahoma Tax Commission is unable to capture the actual amount of sales tax that is attributable to food and food ingredients from its sales tax data base. The estimated revenue impact of this measure is based on data from U.S. Census Bureau, U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Oklahoma Tax Commission records.

The U.S. Census Bureau records indicate there are 1,522,711 households in Oklahoma<sup>1</sup> and data from the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics indicate the amount of estimated expenditures for at-home food consumption per household was \$5,703<sup>2</sup> for 2022. Assuming expenditures on at-home food consumption increased by 3.51% in 2023 results in approximately \$8,988,829,964 spent on at-home food consumption in Oklahoma in 2023. An adjustment of \$178,258,754 for food purchased with coupons issued pursuant to the federal food stamp program and the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) vouchers, which are currently exempt, results in a net at-home food expenditure amount of \$8,810,571,210 for 2023.

Adjusting for inflation and applying the current 4.5% state sales tax rate results in an estimated decrease in state sales tax collections of \$239,631,249 for FY 25 and an estimated decrease of \$418,848,037 in state sales tax revenues for FY 26.<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>U.S. Census Bureau QuickFacts: Oklahoma

<sup>2</sup>CONSUMER EXPENDITURES--2022 - 2022 A01 Results (Bls.Gov)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inflation numbers were adjusted using S&P Global estimates for food consumed at home instead of CPI's estimates, which were used on a previously submitted estimate.